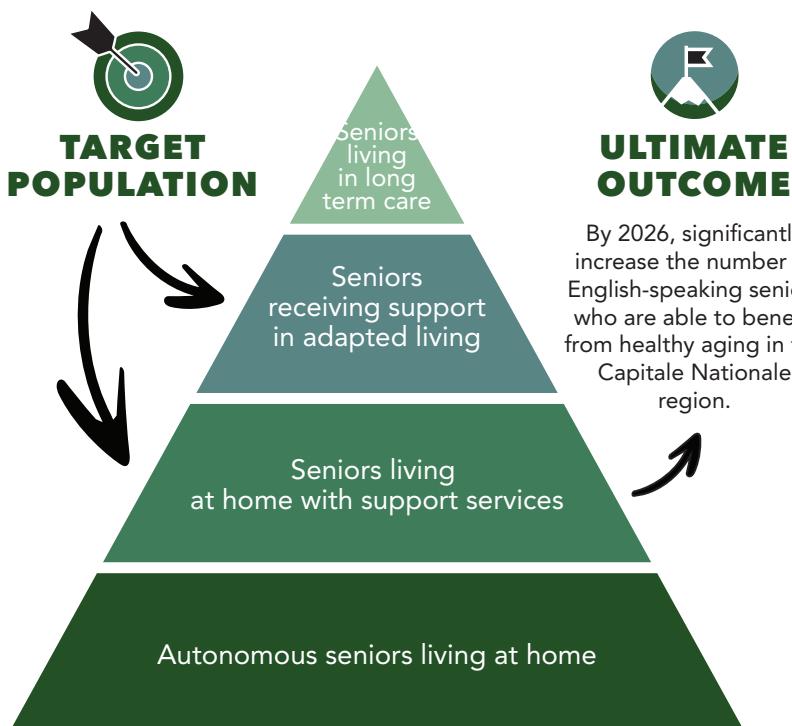


AGING IN COMMUNITY

THEORY OF CHANGE



ACTIVE PARTNERS

JHSB
SCLA

VEQ

JHCP

RESULTS

KEY OUTCOMES	SHORT TERM 1 YEAR	MID TERM 3 YEARS	LONG TERM 5 YEARS
INCREASED CONNECTEDNESS Increase by ... the number of seniors who have an effective connection to formal or informal community resources.	CONNECTEDNESS Seniors and their allies are more aware of formal and informal resources	CONNECTEDNESS Seniors are more inclined to proactive engagement with a supportive resources	CONNECTEDNESS Seniors and their allies are connected to the appropriate supportive resources
IMPROVED ACCESS to a wider range of linguistically and culturally adapted services : Increase by ... the number of seniors accessing an effective range of "home-support services" ADL/IADL services (2). Increase by ... the number of seniors living in an appropriate home (3).	ACCESS Seniors and their allies shared their concerns about existing gaps concerning home-care services and adapted housing	ACCESS Seniors have access to a wider range of home-care services	ACCESS Seniors are able to maintain their autonomy and their quality of life at home or in adapted housing
REDUCED STRESS Reduce by... the stress experienced by seniors, their families and caregivers throughout the transitions that seniors face while aging. (Data and Evidence*)	STRESS Seniors and their allies are proactive in looking for information about resources available	STRESS Seniors and their allies understand their options and are able to plan the next steps with confidence	STRESS Seniors and their allies proactively contact and access the resources they need and trust

STRATEGIES



FAMILY • CAREGIVERS • FRIENDS • NEIGHBOURS



COMMUNITY • VOLUNTEERS

Consolidate the effectiveness of partnerships

Update community knowledge based development approach

Active Experimentation:
Pilot new initiatives and scale up to leverage collective needs to improve our response to individual needs